Adaptive Finite Element Discretizations in Structural Optimization

W. Wollner¹

Abstract: In this talk we will consider an optimization problem of the form

$$\min J(q, u)$$

subject to control constraints $q \in Q^{ad}$. Where Q^{ad} is a closed convex subset of a Banach space Q. Furthermore the state $u \in V$ and the control $q \in Q^{ad}$ are coupled by the partial differential equation

$$a(q, u)(\phi) = 0 \quad \forall \phi \in V.$$

As it is well known that the effort for the optimization is directly linked to the number of unknowns we will derive an a posteriori error estimate in order to drive local mesh refinement with respect to a given target quantity.

As a prototypical example we consider the well known compliance minimization of a variable thickness sheet, e.g. given a domain $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^2$, we consider

$$\min_{q \in L^2, u \in H_D^1} l(u)$$

subject to the constraints

$$(q \sigma(\nabla u), \nabla \phi) = l(\phi) \quad \forall \phi \in H_D^1(\Omega; \mathbb{R}^2),$$
$$0 < q_{\min} \le q \le q_{\max},$$
$$\int_{\Omega} q \le V_{\max},$$

where $H^1_D(\Omega;\mathbb{R}^2)$ denotes the usual H^1 -Sobolev space with certain Dirichlet boundary conditions, and $\sigma(\nabla u)$ denotes the usual (linear) Lamé-Navier stress tensor.

Finally we will give an outlook to possible extensions.

Department of Mathematics University of Hamburg Bundesstr. 55, 20146 Hamburg, Germany winnifried.wollner@math.uni-hamburg.de